

- You are going to answer 80 multiple choice questions.
- The exam includes 6 sections.

The followings are just **EXAMPLES** for the sections of the exam.

VOCABULARY

Even today, in the context of increasing poverty, the village _____ its reputation as a place of ultimate security.

- A) varies
- B) restricts
- C) proceeds
- D) assists
- E) retains

CLOZE TEST

A freegan is someone (1) _____ only eats food obtained for free. The freegan lifestyle involves (2) _____ discarded food that is still edible and nutritious. Freegans obtain the food they eat through donations, finds, or searching in bins for food that (3) _____ away by shops. Freeganism is an anti-consumerist lifestyle, based (4) _____ limited participation in the conventional economy and minimal consumption of resources. Most Freegans salvage the food not because they are poor or homeless, (5) _____ as a political statement.

1.

- A) which
- B) when
- C) why
- D) where
- E) who

2.

- A) salvaged
- B) salvaging
- C) having salvaged
- D) salvage
- E) to salvage

3.

- A) has been thrown
- B) has thrown
- C) had thrown
- D) thrown
- E) had been thrown

4.

- A) at
- B) on
- C) over
- D) for
- E) in

5.

- A) therefore
- B) however
- C) for
- D) but
- E) since

SENTENCE COMPLETION

_____, it has been included as an academic discipline only in a few faculties.

- A) Whereas traditional methods have carried most of the workload for years
- B) However, there are certain limitations of software technologies
- C) As the software innovations gave a broader range of learners access to knowledge
- D) This breakthrough technology will alter the printing industry
- E) Although software engineering is becoming increasingly important worldwide

RESTATEMENT

Since it rained so much in the spring, there should be an abundance of fruit this year.

- A) Even though we had a dry spring, this year we can expect a better fruit harvest.
- B) Plenty of rain in this season always produces good fruit crop later in the year.
- C) A good fruit harvest is being expected this year as there was a great deal of rain in the spring.
- D) Although it often rained this spring, the fruit trees are yielding plenty of fruit.
- E) It rained so heavily all through the springtime that it will certainly affect the fruit harvest.

ODD ONE OUT

(I) The origins of the first artificial satellite Sputnik 1 can be traced back to the 19th century, when Tsiolkovsky, a self-educated scientist, pioneered the field of aeronautics (study of flight). (II) Tsiolkovsky's work provided the essential formulas and research necessary for later successful flight efforts. (III) He spent most of his life in a log house on the outskirts of Kaluga, about 200 km southwest of Moscow. (IV) He began his experiments in the 1870s, examining every aspect of space flight. (V) He thought about designs for spacecrafts and launch plans, and he built a mechanism that could measure the effects that accelerated gravity has on the human body.

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

READING PASSAGE

Inventions are responsible for most of the world's progress. Every time a new method, machine, or device is developed, it makes life a bit simpler, better, or longer for humanity and gradually increases wealth, knowledge, and comfort. Inventors work with well-known objects and principles. They put things together in a unique way to create a new product or method. A discovery is not the same as an invention. A discovery is anything new that has been found in nature. A novel chemical element is discovery, while a new type of engine is an invention. Today, inventions are generated in a variety of disciplines, including mechanical, chemical, electrical, and nucleonic. New machinery, medicines, communication methods, and atomic power applications arise often. New inventions lead to the emergence of new employment, businesses, and industries. They increase a country's prosperity and pave the door for even more inventions.

1. The text emphasizes the distinction between an invention and a discovery as follows:

- A) Scientists invent things, whereas explorers discover them.
- B) Inventions are far more significant and valuable than discoveries.
- C) To invent something is a lot harder than discovering something.
- D) Anything can only be discovered if it has previously been invented.
- E) A discovery already exists, but an invention must be created.

2. From the text it is obvious that _____.

- A) inventions and discoveries are exactly the same thing
- B) the vast majority of inventions make our life significantly more difficult
- C) the terms "inventions" and "discoveries" are interchangeable
- D) inventions, in general, make our life simpler and enable us to live better
- E) humans could invent more things, but they are unable to do so due to their laziness

3. It can be understood from the text that as a result of new inventions _____.

- A) the economic growth of a country decreases
- B) humanity has never made any useful discoveries
- C) new jobs, businesses, and industries arise
- D) the need for more inventions in the future is reduced
- E) humankind's power and dominance are demonstrated and proven throughout the world

VOCABULARY

ANSWER: E

CLOZE TEST

1. ANSWER: E

2. ANSWER: A

3. ANSWER: A

4. ANSWER: B

5. ANSWER: D

SENTENCE COMPLETION

ANSWER: E

RESTATEMENT

ANSWER: C

ODD ONE OUT

ANSWER: C

READING PASSAGE

1. ANSWER: E

2. ANSWER: D

3. ANSWER: C